

Hierarchical Task Analysis (HTA) and Human Error Analysis (HEA)

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Managing human error



- 1. Identify safety critical tasks
- Identify key steps in task (taken by human!)
- 3. Identify potential for human error in those steps
- 4. Identify what makes those failures more likely
- Prevent the error and/or
- 6. Manage error recovery





1. Identify safety critical tasks

Hierarchical Task Analysis

2. Identify key steps in task (taken by human!)

Human Error Analysis

- 3. Identify potential for human error in those steps
- 4. Identify what makes those failures more likely
- 5. Prevent the error and/or
- 6. Manage error recovery

Outcome of HTA/HEA



Modify hardware, controls, physical conditions

And/or

Redesign the task

In order to:

Prevent human error

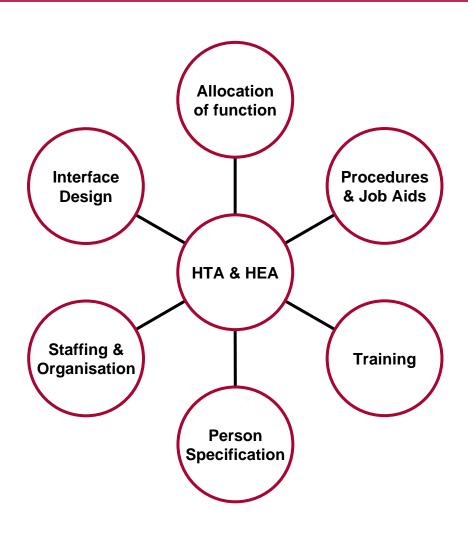
And/or

Identify and recover from human error

Before anyone is injured

Applications





HTA



- 1. The Goal
- 2. Operations
- 3. Plans
- 4. Preconditions

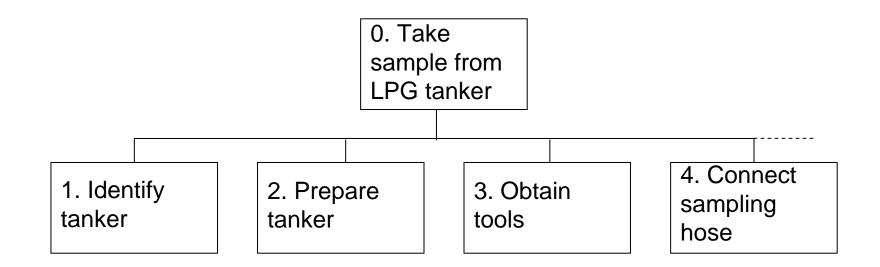
The Goal



0. Take sample from LPG tanker

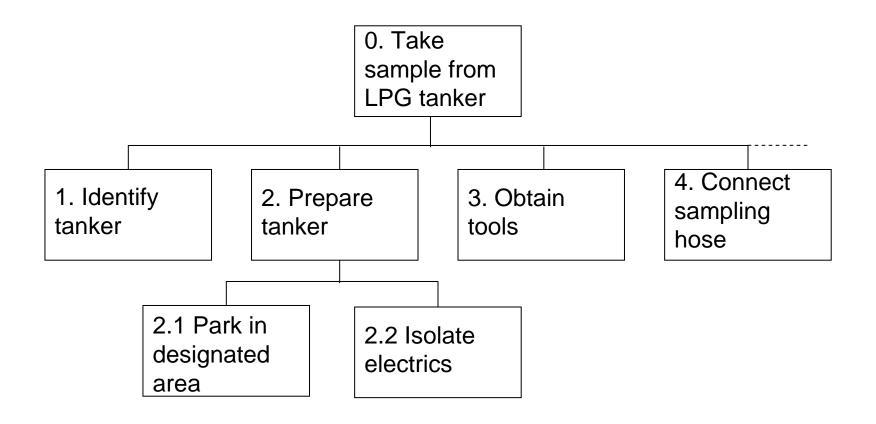






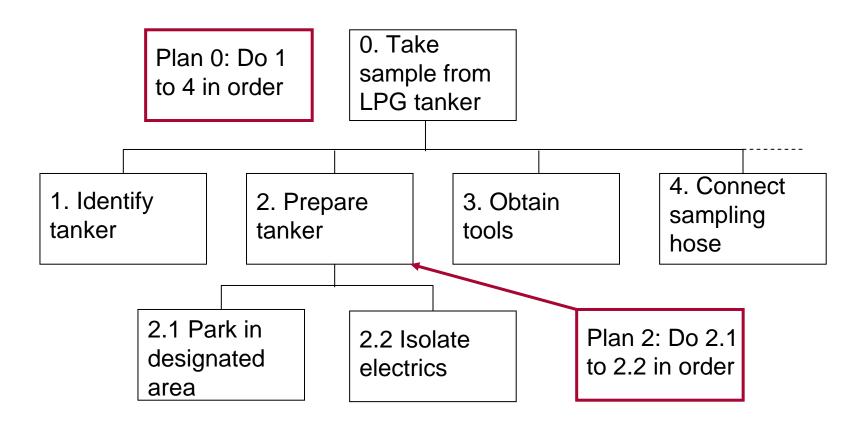






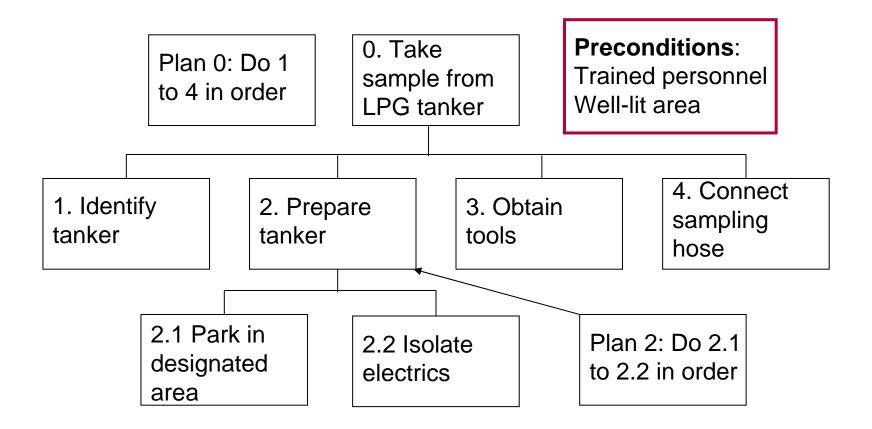
Plans





Preconditions





HTA Process



- Group process one person is too few
 - Experienced operator
 - Supervisor
 - Engineer
- Requires observation can't be done entirely in an office (video!)







HTA Process



- 1. Collect information
- 2. Identify task preconditions
- Describe task (what actually happens)
- 4. Record the description
- 5. Verify description with the "experts"

Collecting information



- Walk-through/talk-through
- Documentation
 - SOPs
 - Risk Assessments
 - Training manual
 - Manufacturers info including operations manual

Walk-through/talk-through



- Experienced operator/supervisor/both
- Demonstrate the task
- Explain what doing and why
- Explain what need to carry out task
 - Training, knowledge, skills
 - Communications/simultaneous processes
 - PPE, raw materials, equipment, power sources, environmental conditions

Define Goal



- Be specific
- Keep it simple

Describe Operations



- Identify human actions
 - √ check display
 - * computer runs internal systems check
- Not too detailed! P x C rule
 - ✓ push button
 - ★ lift hand, extend finger
- Flow

Describe Operations



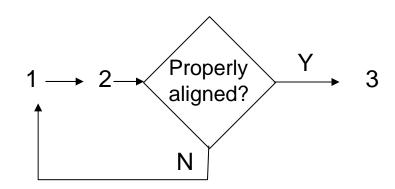
- Identify decision-making tasks
 - What information is required
 - Where does it come from
 - How is it presented

Describe Plan



- Should refer to each subordinate operation
- Should not refer to anything outside the task in question

"Do 1 to 4 in order"



State Preconditions



- Conditions that have to be achieved before starting the task
- Separate analysis of preconditions recommended
- Skills needed in achieving preconditions may be different
- Errors during preconditions can affect whole task

Record the Description



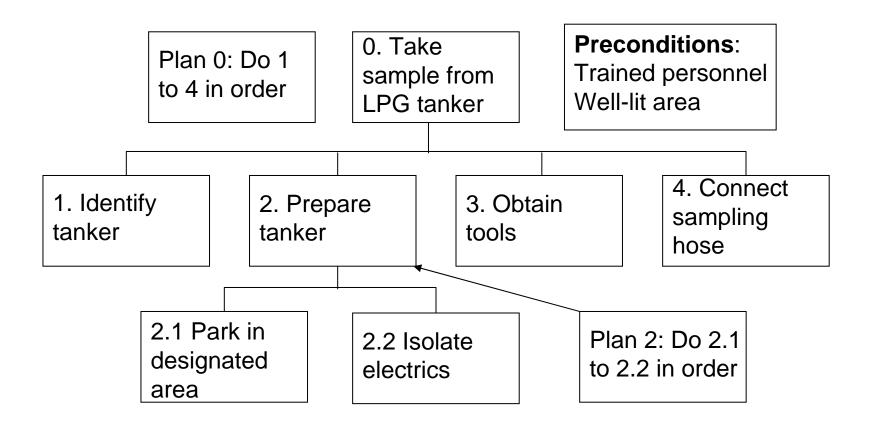
- Post-its
- MS Word
- Specialist software available e.g.

http://taskarchitect.com/free_trial.html

Can record in tabular format







Tabular Format



- O Take sample from LPG tanker
- Plan 0: Do 1 to 4 in order
- 1 Identify tanker
- 2 Prepare tanker
- Plan 2: Do 2.1 to 2.2 in order
- 2.1 Park in designated area
- 2.2 Isolate electrics
- 3 Obtain tools

Verify with experts



- Have you recorded all the task steps?
- Are the plans in the right order?
- Are the controls/displays etc doing what the operator thinks they are?

Your turn ...



 Wiring a domestic 3 pin plug with a 3 core lead





- During walk-through/talk-through:
 - Establish error conditions e.g. what happens if you turn that dial the wrong way?
 - What happens if you forget to switch that off?
 - If X goes wrong what will prevent you being injured?

Generic Error Types



- For each plan and task step on HTA:
 - Apply generic error types
 - Select all those that apply
 - Identify consequences of possible errors
 - Evaluate existing provision to recover error
 - Specify remedies
 PREVENT FIRST, recover second

Your turn ...



Human error analysis of wiring domestic 3 pin plug